

The 20th Annual Vojtěch Jarník
International Mathematical Competition
Ostrava, 25th March 2010
Category II

Problem 1 Let a and b be given positive coprime integers. Then for every integer n there exist integers x, y such that

$$n = ax + by.$$

Prove that $n = ab$ is the greatest integer for which $xy \leq 0$ in all such representations of n . [10 points]

Problem 2 Prove or disprove that if a real sequence (a_n) satisfies $a_{n+1} - a_n \rightarrow 0$ and $a_{2n} - 2a_n \rightarrow 0$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$, then $a_n \rightarrow 0$. [10 points]

Problem 3 Let A and B be two $n \times n$ matrices with integer entries such that all of the matrices

$$A, \quad A + B, \quad A + 2B, \quad A + 3B, \quad \dots, \quad A + (2n)B$$

are invertible and their inverses have integer entries, too. Show that $A + (2n + 1)B$ is also invertible and that its inverse has integer entries. [10 points]

Problem 4 Let $f: [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a function satisfying

$$|f(x) - f(y)| \leq |x - y|$$

for every $x, y \in [0, 1]$. Show that for every $\varepsilon > 0$ there exists a countable family of rectangles (R_i) of dimensions $a_i \times b_i$, $a_i \leq b_i$, in the plane such that

$$\{(x, f(x)) : x \in [0, 1]\} \subset \bigcup_i R_i \quad \text{and} \quad \sum_i a_i < \varepsilon.$$

(The edges of the rectangles are not necessarily parallel to the coordinate axes.) [10 points]